WHAT IS CLAIMED:

- A method for supplying an inspired gas to a person, the method 1. 1
- comprising the steps of: a) determining whether the person is in the exhalation 2
- or inhalation phase of a respiratory cycle; and b) delivering an increased flow of 3
- inspired gas to the person during the inhalation phase of the respiratory cycle. 4
- The method of claim 1, wherein the inspired gas includes pure gas. 2. 1
- The method of claim 2, wherein the pure gas includes oxygen. 3. 1
- 1 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the inspired gas includes a gas mixture.
- The method of claim 4, wherein the gas mixture includes a mixture of 5.
- oxygen and air.
 - The method of claim 4, wherein the gas mixture includes a mixture of 6.
 - oxygen and nitrogen.
 - The method of claim 4, wherein the gas mixture includes a mixture of 7.
- 1 2 oxygen and water vapor.
 - The method of claim 4, wherein the gas mixture includes a mixture of 8.
 - oxygen and bronchodilators. 2
 - 9. The method of claim 4, wherein the gas mixture includes a mixture of 1
 - oxygen and helium. 2
 - 1 10. The method of claim 1, wherein the inspired gas may be released to the
 - ambient environment. 2
 - The method of claim 1 also comprising the step of determining the primary 11. 1
 - respiratory site; and sampling the person's breath gas stream at least in 2
 - accordance with the determination of the primary respiratory site. 3

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- continuously sampled, in addition to sampling at the determined primary 2
- respiratory site. 3
- The method of claim 11, wherein the step of sampling the breath gas 1 13.
- stream includes the step of monitoring the ventilation of the person at least in 2
- accordance with the determination of the person's primary respiratory site. 3
- The method of claim 13 whereby the gas stream at the mouth is 14. 1
- continuously sampled, in addition to sampling at the determined primary 2
- ventilatory site.
- The method of claim 1 wherein the inspired gas is delivered to the person 15.
- in the area of the person's nose and mouth.
- The method of claim 1, wherein the inspired gas is delivered to the person 16.
- in the area in front of the person's mouth.
 - The method of claim 1 wherein the determining of whether the person is 17.
 - in the exhalation or inhalation phase is accomplished by analyzing the pressure
 - in the person's breath gas stream. 3
 - The method of claim 17 also comprising the step of monitoring the 18. 1
 - respiratory rate in accord with the pressure analysis. 2
 - The method of claim 17 also comprising the step of monitoring the 19. 1
 - inspiratory/expiratory time ratio in accord with the pressure analysis. 2
 - 20. The method of claim 17, wherein the pressure in the person's breath gas 1
 - stream is determined by sampling pressure at at least one respiratory site. 2

- 21. The method of claim 17, wherein the determining of whether the person is 1
- in the exhalation or inhalation phase is accomplished by analyzing the humidity 2
- 3 in the person's breath gas stream.
- The method of claim 21 also comprising the step of monitoring the 22. 1
- respiratory rate in accord with the humidity analysis. 2
- 1 23. The method of claim 21 also comprising the step of monitoring the
- inspiratory/expiratory time ratio in accord with the humidity analysis. 2
- The method of claim 17, wherein the determining of whether the person is 24. 1
- in the exhalation or inhalation phase is accomplished by analyzing the
- temperature in the person's breath gas stream.
- The method of claim 24 also comprising the step of monitoring the 25.
- respiratory rate in accord with the temperature analysis.
 - 26. The method of claim 24 also comprising the step of monitoring the
 - inspiratory/expiratory time ratio in accord with the temperature analysis.
 - 27. The method of claim 11, wherein the determining of the primary
 - respiratory site is accomplished by sampling pressure at the respiratory sites 2
 - and comparing said pressures. 3
 - 28. The method of claim 11, wherein the step of sampling the exhaled gas 1
 - stream includes sampling the level of CO₂ in the person's breath gas stream. 2
 - 29. The method of claim 13, wherein the monitoring of the ventilation is 1
 - accomplished by measuring the CO₂ levels in the person's breath stream. 2
 - 30. 1 The method of claim 29, wherein the monitoring of the ventilation is
 - accomplished by measuring the end-tidal CO2 value. 2

- 1 31. The method of claim 29, wherein the monitoring of the ventilation is
- 2 accomplished by determining the area under the expired CO₂ time pilot.
- 1 32. The method of claim 1 also comprising the step of delivering a decreased
- 2 flow of inspired gas to the patient during exhalation.
- 1 33. The method of claim 11, wherein the step of sampling the breath gas
- 2 stream includes monitoring the level of a drug in the person's breath gas stream.
- 1 34. The method of claim 33, wherein the drug is an intravenous anesthetic.
- 1 35. The method of claim 33 wherein the drug is propofol.
- 1 36. The method of claim 11, wherein the sampled gas is xenon.
- 1 37. An apparatus that delivers inspired gas to a person comprising: a) an
- 2 inspired gas delivery device; b) at least one respiratory site sampling device
- which samples the pressure at at least one respiratory site; c) and wherein the
 - respiratory site sampling device is connected to a pressure analyzer which
 - determines the phase of the person's respiration cycle; d) and wherein the
- 6 inspired gas delivery device is connected to a controller that modulates the flow
- of inspired gas in accordance with the phase of the person's respiratory cycle.
- 1 38. The apparatus of claim 37, wherein the respiratory site sampling device
- 2 comprises at least one nasal sampling device which samples the pressure in the
- 3 person's nasal airway and an oral sampling device which samples the pressure in
- 4 the person's oral airway.
- 1 39. The apparatus of claim 37, wherein the controller delivers a higher flow of
- 2 inspired gas during the inhalation phase of the person's respiratory cycle.

- 1 40. The apparatus of claim 38, wherein at least two of the nasal and oral
- 2 sampling devices are connected to a pressure comparator which determines the
- 3 person's primary respiratory site.
- 1 41. The apparatus of claim 37 also comprising a gas sampling device.
- 1 42. The apparatus of claim 41, wherein the gas sampling device is a
- 2 capnometer.
- 1 43. The apparatus of claim 41, wherein the gas sampling device comprises a
- 2 nasal gas sampling device and an oral gas sampling device and wherein the
- 3 controller selects at least the gas stream from the primary respiratory site for
- 4 monitoring.
- 1 44. The apparatus of claim 43, wherein the oral and nasal gas sampling
- 2 devices are capnometers.
- 1 45. The apparatus of claim 37 also comprising a flow control valve and
- wherein the controller runs software that indicates an error to a user if while the
- 3 flow control valve is open, the controller detects pressure at the source of
- 4 inspired gas but fails to detect pressure downstream of the flow control valve.
- 1 46. The apparatus of claim 37 also comprising an auditory breath sonification
- 2 device that amplifies breath sounds.
- 1 47. The apparatus of claim 46, wherein the auditory breath sonification device
- 2 is a microphone that amplifies actual breath sounds.
- 1 48. The apparatus of claim 46, wherein the auditory breath sonification device
- 2 comprises a white noise generator that provides simulated breath sounds.
- 1 49. The apparatus of claim 48, wherein said simulated breath sounds
- 2 distinguish between inhalation and exhalation breath sounds.

- 1 50. The apparatus of claim 41, wherein the gas sampling device samples CO₂
- 2 gas.
- 1 51. The apparatus of claim 41, wherein the gas sampling device samples
- 2 xenon gas.
- 1 52. The apparatus of claim 41, wherein the gas sampled is a drug.
- 1 53. The apparatus of claim 52, wherein the drug is an intravenous anesthetic.
- 1 54. The apparatus of claim 52, wherein the drug is propofol.
- 1 55. The apparatus of claim 37, wherein the inspired gas delivery device
- 2 comprises a diffuser.
- 1 56. The apparatus of claim 37, wherein the controller reduces the flow of
- 2 inspired gas during the exhalation phase.
- 1 57. A method for delivering an inspired gas, the method comprising the steps
- of: a) determining the breath phase; b) delivering a higher flow of inspired gas
- during the inhalation phase; and c) monitoring gases in the breath gas stream.
- 1 58. The method of claim 57 also comprising the step of determining at least
- 2 one of the breath rate and inspiratory/expiratory time ratio.
- 1 59. The method of claim 57, wherein the step of determining at least one of
- 2 the breath phase, breath rate and inspiratory/expiratory time ratio is
- 3 accomplished by analyzing the pressure waveform at at least one respiratory
- 4 site.
- 1 60. The method of claim 57, wherein the step of determining at least one of
- 2 the breath phase, breath rate and inspiratory/expiratory time ratio is
- 3 accomplished by monitoring the humidity at at least one respiratory site.

- The method of claim 57, wherein the step of determining at least one of 61. 1
- the breath phase, breath rate and inspiratory/expiratory time ratio is 2
- accomplished by monitoring the temperature at at least one respiratory site. 3
- The method of claim 57 also comprising the step of reducing the flow of 62. 1
- inspired gas during the exhalation phase. 2
- The method of claim 57, wherein the monitoring of exhaled gas is 63. 1
- performed during a period of low gas flow in the exhalation phase. 2
- The apparatus of claim 37 also comprising a plurality of lumens which 64. 1
- effect one or more of delivering of inspired gas, respiratory site sampling and gas
- sampling and wherein said lumens are affixed to one another along separable
- tear lines.
- The apparatus of claim 64, wherein the lumen that accommodates the flow 65.
- of inspired gas is of larger circumference than the other lumens.
- An apparatus according to claim 64 wherein one of said lumens is a 66.
- 2 3 4 1 1 2 2 stimulus channel that carries an auditory prompt to the person.
 - A pneumatic harness for a medical device comprising a plurality of lumens 67. 1
 - grouped in one or more clusters, said clusters being manually separable from one 2
 - another. 3
 - The pneumatic harness of claim 67, wherein the harness also comprises 68. 1
 - tear lines to permit separation of the lumens from one another. 2
 - The pneumatic harness of claim 67, wherein at least one of the lumens is 69. 1
 - larger than the other lumens. 2
 - The pneumatic harness of claim 67, wherein the cross section of each 70. 1
 - cluster is of aerofoil shape. 2

- 1 71. The pneumatic harness of claim 67 also comprising a connector that
- 2 permits delivery of supplemental oxygen from standard medical oxygen
- 3 connectors using an oronasal piece.
- 1 72. The pneumatic harness of claim 67 also comprising an adapter that
- 2 connects the pneumatic harness to a medical device.
- 1 73. A method of determining which of the two nares is less obstructed, said
- 2 method comprising the steps of: a) sampling the pressure in the gas stream of
- each nare; b) comparing the pressure variations in the gas stream within each
- 4 nare; c) comparing the extent of variation of said pressures as between the nares;
- and d) selecting the nare with the larger pressure variation as the nare that is
 - 6 less obstructed.
 - 1 74. The method of claim 73, wherein the nare that is less obstructed is
 - 2 selected to receive inspired gas.
- 1 75. The method of claim 73, wherein the nare that is less obstructed is
- 2 selected for gas sampling.
- 1 76. The method of claim 73, wherein the nare that is less obstructed is
- 2 selected for pressure sampling.
- 1 77. The method of claim 73, wherein the nare that is less obstructed is
- 2 selected for determination of respiration phase.
- 1 78. The method of claim 73, wherein the nare that is less obstructed is
- 2 selected for determination of respiration rate.
- 1 79. The method of claim 73, wherein the nare that is less obstructed is
- 2 selected for determination of inhalatory/expiratory time ratio.